CV-SALTS SALT AND NITRATE CONTROL PROGRAMS

CVCWA Annual Meeting

Thomas Grovhoug, LWA *May 22, 2024*







- CV-SALTS Program Overview
- Update on Salt Control Program
- Update on Nitrate Control Program
- Questions

CV-SALTS Overview

SALT AND NITRATE CONTROL PROGRAM – OVERVIEW



Salt Control Program

THE SALT PROBLEM

- Salt is accumulating in the Central Valley Groundwater Basin
- High salt concentrations in water supplies restricts the crops that can be grown and impacts drinking water supplies
- Long term solutions are needed to manage salts and to reduce the rate of salt concentration increases

PHASED SALT CONTROL PROGRAM P&O STUDY APPROACH

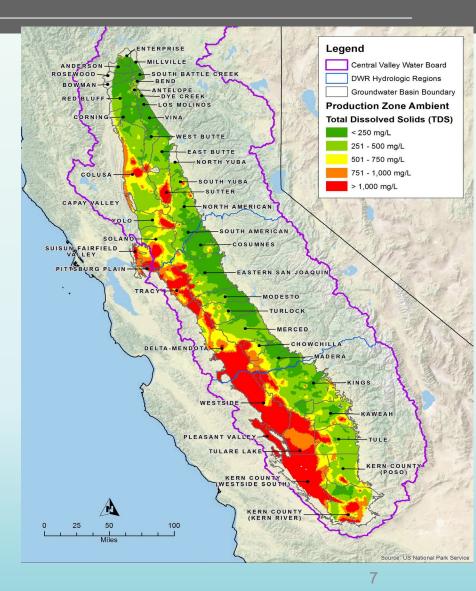
Phase I: Prioritization and Optimization (P&O) Study

- 10 to 15 years long
- Defines salt sensitive areas
- Identify salt sources and impacts
- Assess salt management options
- Develop long-term salt management strategy

Phase 2: Project Development

- Potential regulatory actions
- Alignment with SGMA GSAs' goals

• Phase 3: Project Implementation



TIMELINE - SALT CONTROL PROGRAM

Each Program Phase: 10-15 Years in Duration

Phase I P&O Study	Phase II - Project Development & Funding Acquisition	Phase III Project Implementation
Integrated Scope of Services (ISOS): 3-4 years	Remainder of Phase 1 Focuses on Alt Development, Analysis & Selection	ernatives
P&O Study Implen	nentation (2022 start)	

P&O Study Implementation (2022 start)

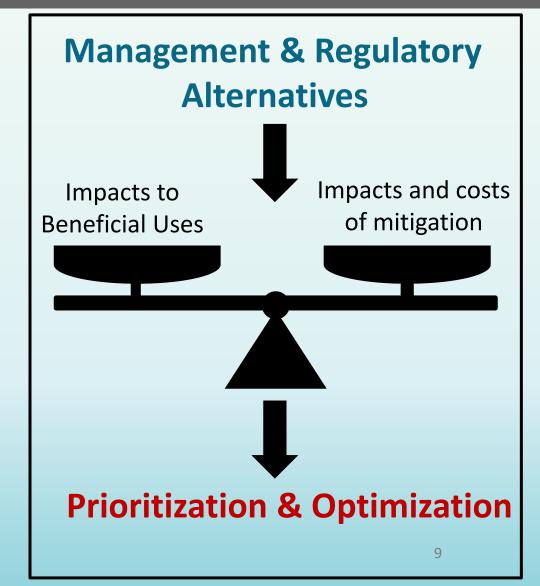
FIRST FOUR YEARS OF P&O STUDY

Purpose of this phase of Technical Work:

 Develop information/tools to inform future decisions regarding long-term salt management solutions

Key Information

- Understanding how the system works
 - Key drivers
 - What we can and can't manage/control
- Ability to impact salt accumulation and salinity concentrations.
 - Effectiveness of range of management and regulatory options



BASELINE CHARACTERIZATION REPORT (2024)

"Snapshot" of Conditions at Start of P&O Study (1000 plus pages)

<u>Contents</u>

Central Valley Setting History of Water Project Development History of Salinity Problems in Central Valley Regulatory Structure to Manage Salt Sources Ambient conditions – surface waters, groundwater Salt Sources and Estimates

PRIORITIZATION & OPTIMIZATION STUDY

Modeling Approach and Linkage Discussion



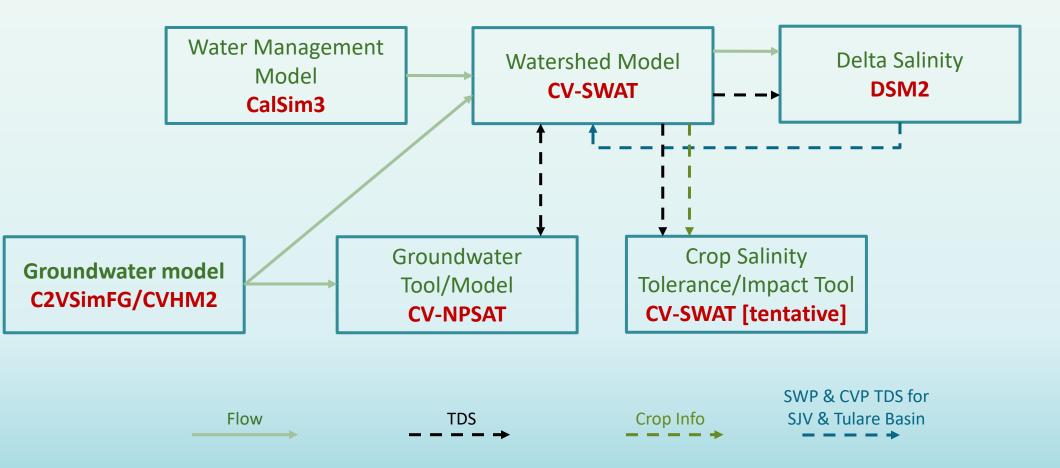


5/21/2024

SOPHISTICATED TOOLS ARE NEEDED

- Need a suite of modeling tools to address the complexities of the system:
 - Surface Water hydrology of the Region 5 watershed
 - Reservoir operations and surface water distribution to users
 - Land uses throughout the Central Valley
 - Salt sources throughout the Central Valley
 - Delta water quality
 - Groundwater hydrology and water quality
 - Crop tolerance to salinity

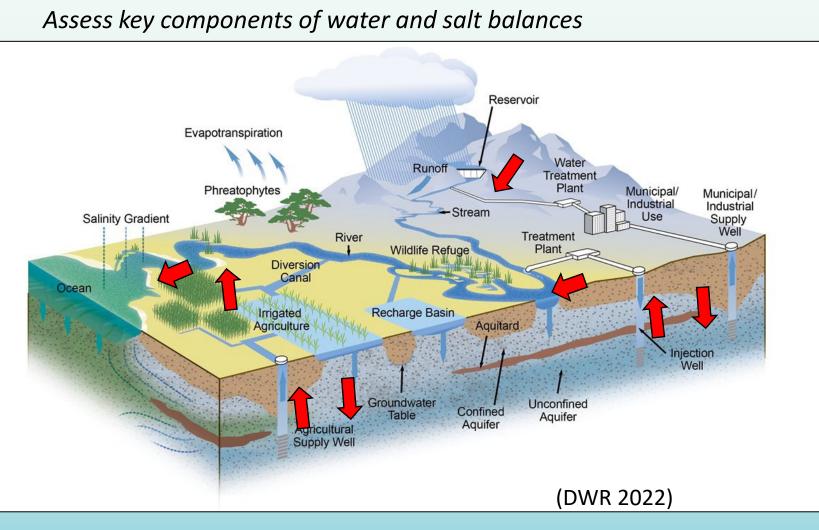
FLOW CHART OF LINKAGES BETWEEN TOOLS/MODELS FOR CENTRAL VALLEY ANALYSIS



CV-SWAT ADDRESSES COMPLEX HYDROLOGY AND SALINITY

Assess key components of water and salt balances

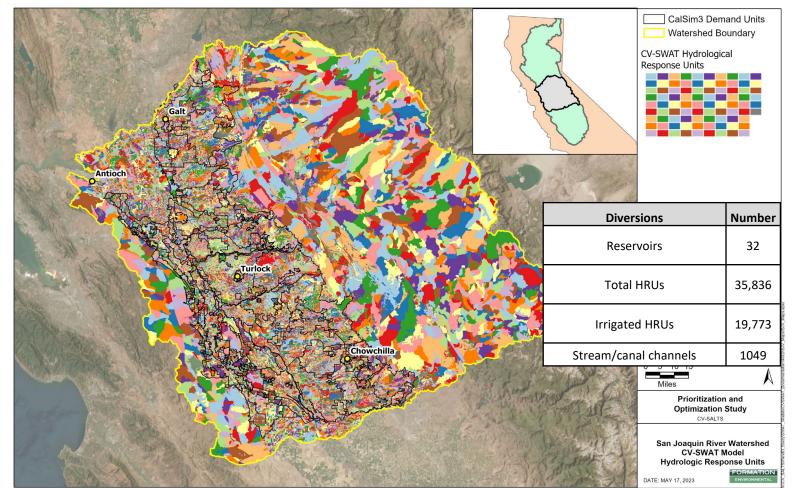
- Inflows to valley floor
- Irrigation volumes and water sources
- Crop ET
- Surface flows and salinity
- Large scale salt fluxes



CV-SWAT ADDRESSES WATER AND SALT INTEGRATION

• Waterbodies

- **Reservoirs**
- □ streams/rivers, canals
- USGS NHD, CalSim3
- CalSim3 demand units
 - water districts
 - municipalities
 - **refuges**
- Salt source information
- Soils (NRCS)
- Climate (CIMIS, PRISM)
- Land use (DWR, 2019)
- Calibrated crop models and management (ILRP)



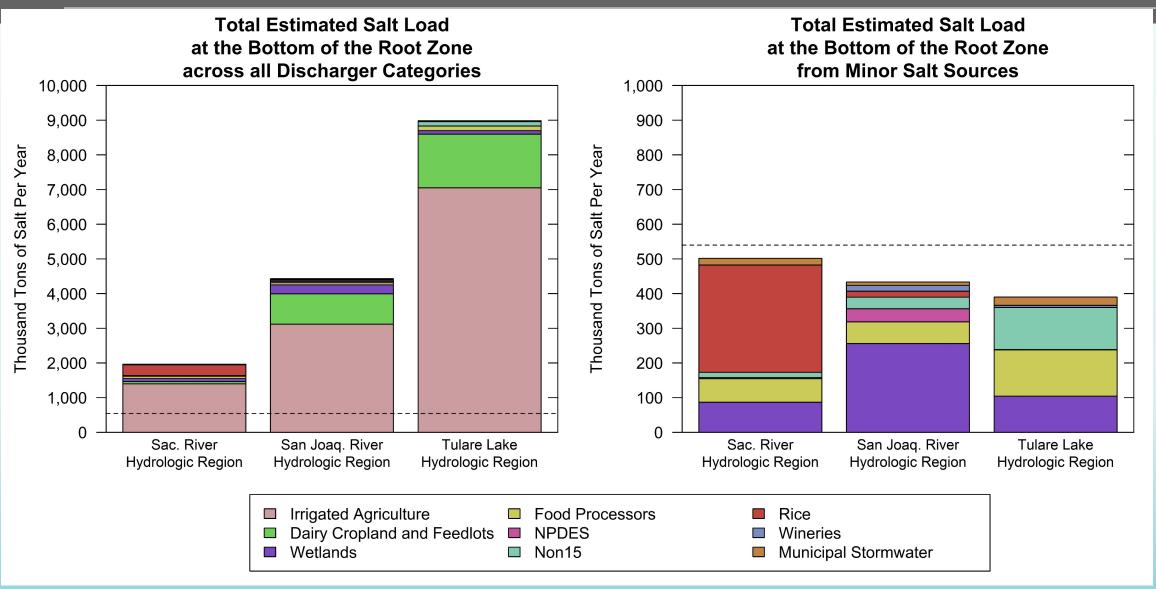
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MODELING EFFORT TO DATE - CV SCALE

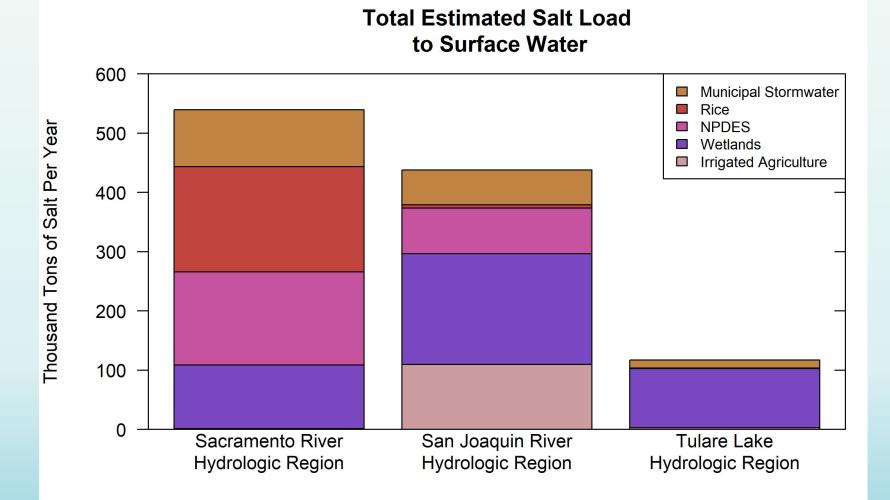
<u>2023</u>

- Development of tools to model current conditions in the Central Valley
 - CV-SWAT
 - CV-NPSAT
- Performed initial Central Valley-scale modeling
 - Water balance, salt balance, salt accumulation
- Estimated Current Salt Loadings from Various Sources (in BCR)
- Will be used to address future scenarios:
 - Climate change
 - Land use changes
 - Recharge
 - Alternative salt management measures

ESTIMATED SALT LOADS - BOTTOM OF ROOT ZONE



TOTAL ESTIMATED SALT LOAD TO SURFACE WATER



ARCHETYPE MODELING – 2024, 2025

- Two "archetype" areas will be selected to allow more detailed analysis at smaller scale – Delta-Mendota (2024)
 - Refined hydrology, land use, water use, etc.
 - Coordination with local stakeholders, GSAs, municipalities
- Archetype modeling (CV-SWAT, CV-NPSAT, CVHM2) will be used to:
 - Assess effectiveness of salt management actions
 - Develop salinity targets to protect salt sensitive crops, drinking water and other beneficial uses

SUMMARY – P&O STUDY

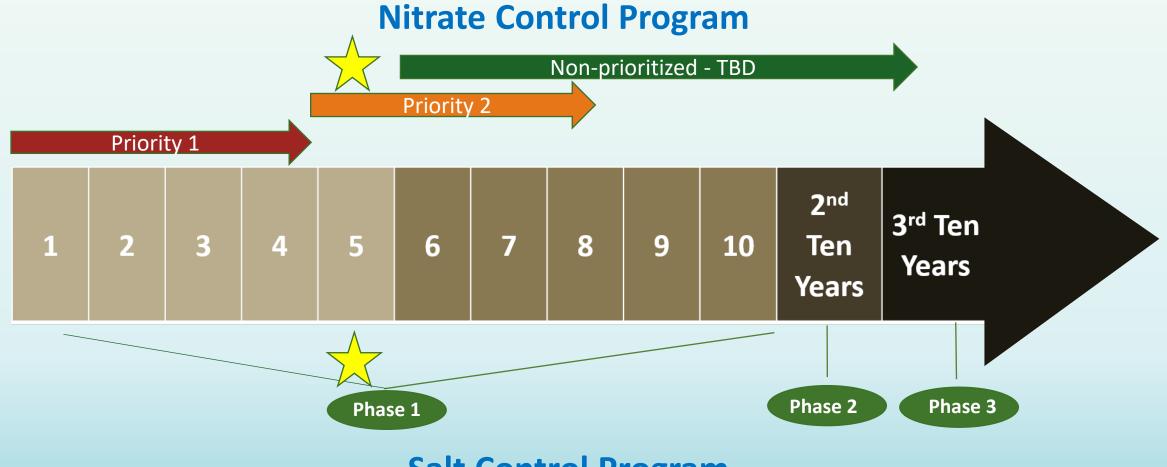
- Region-wide, integrated, holistic approach
- Information generated under SGMA in GSPs will be incorporated (water use, recharge, land use changes, PMAs)
- Use of modeling tools to project future salt conditions in the Central Valley under different scenarios over a long planning period
- Use of modeling tools to evaluate effectiveness of alternative salt
 management measures to meet sustainability goals

Nitrate Control Program

THE NITRATE PROBLEM

- Nitrate in Groundwater in some areas of the Central Valley exceeds the Primary MCL of 10 mg/l
- People are at risk consuming drinking water with these levels of nitrate
- Short and Long term solutions are needed e.g. clean drinking water through Early Action Plans, permanent solutions

CV-SALTS IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE:



Salt Control Program

PRIORITIZED NITRATE CONTROL PROGRAM

Priority 1 Area (Red)

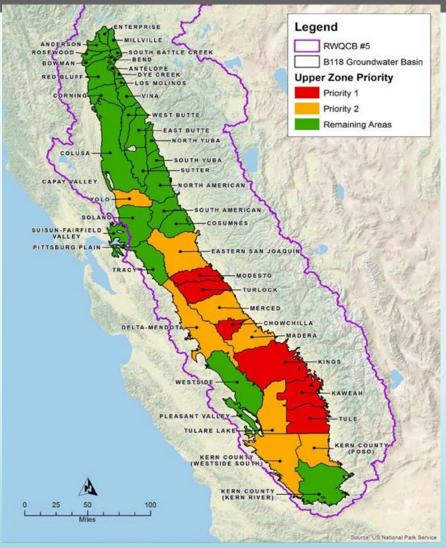
– Implementation began May 2020

Priority 2 Area (Orange)

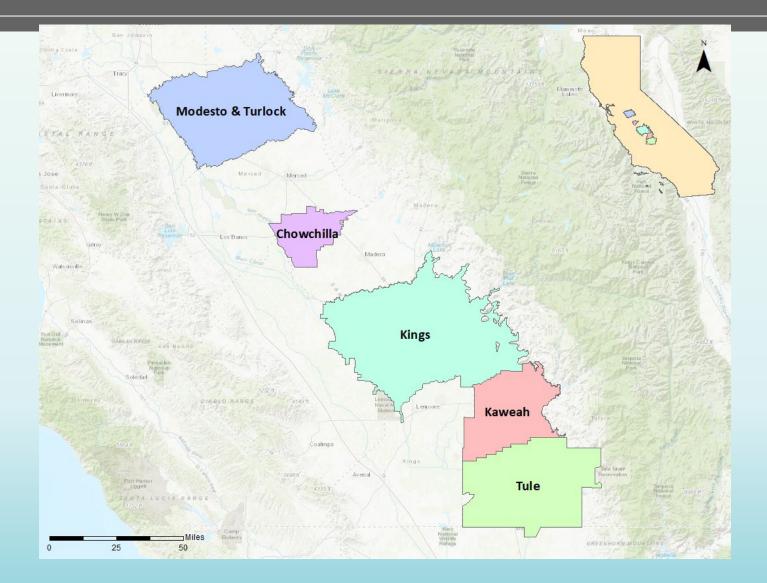
 Implementation to begin December 2023

Remaining Areas (Green)

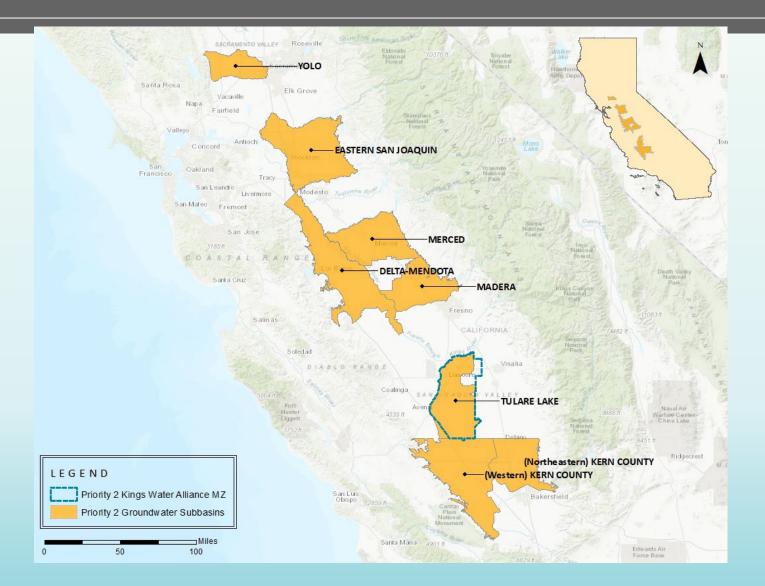
 Implementation to be phased in after priority areas



PRIORITY 1 MANAGEMENT ZONES



PRIORITY 2 GROUNDWATER SUBBASINS

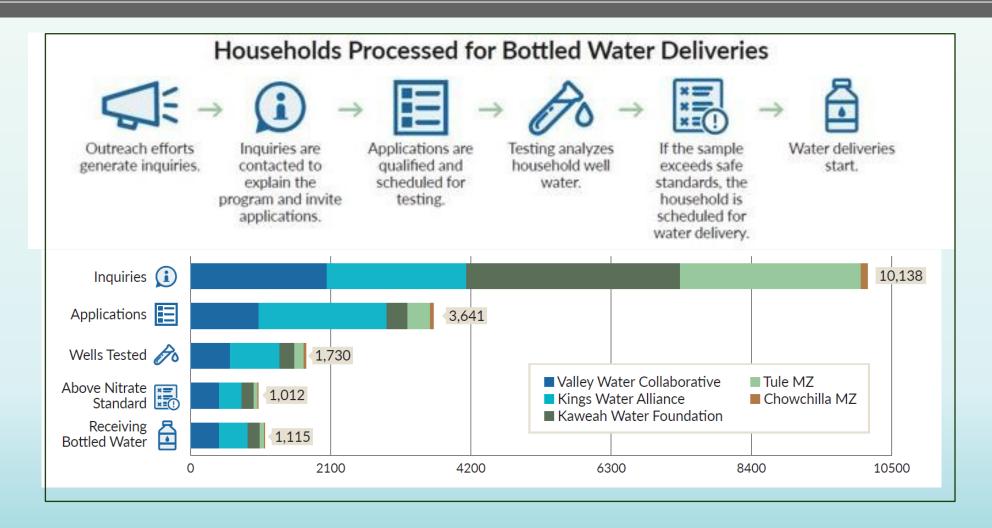


PRIORITY 1 MANAGEMENT ZONE DELIVERABLES

Deliverables following Notice to Comply (May 2020):

Deliverable	Due Date
Preliminary Management Zone Proposal/Early Action Plan	3/8/2021
Implementation of Early Action Plan	5/7/2021
Final Management Zone Proposal (FMZP)	8/29/2022
FMZP Concurrence Letters and Response to Comment Letters	2/23/2023
Management Zone Implementation Plan Submittals	9/5/2023

EARLY ACTION PLAN HIGHLIGHTS TOTAL: MAY 2021 -MAY 2023



NITRATE CONTROL PROGRAM OVERVIEW - CONTINUED

Deliverable	Due Date
Priority 1 Management Zone Implementation Plans (MZIPS)	9/5/2023
Priority 2 Notice to Comply Mailout	December 2023
Priority 1 MZIP Central Valley Water Board Hearing	~April 19, 2024
Priority 2 Preliminary Management Zone Proposals/Early Action Plans	December 2024
Priority 2 Continued Work mirroring Priority 1 MZs	2025

PRIORITY 1 MANAGEMENT ZONES - NEXT STEPS

- Incorporation of Nitrate Control Program into permits per MZIPs:
 - ~193 individual permits to be updated
 - 160 Non-15
 - 25 Confined Animal Facilities
 - 4 Oil/gas
 - 3 NPDES
 - 1 Composting

-~10 General Permits to be updated

- Non-15
- 4 Confined Animals Facilities
- 3 Oil/Gas
- 2 NPDES
- 1 Dairy General Permit (~650 Dairies represented)
- 2 ILRP General Permits (represents approximately 35,000 farms)
- Challenges:
 - CEQA requirements, including AB 2108

MZIP REQUIREMENTS

Permitted dischargers must reduce nitrate loadings to cease "causing or contributing to exceedances of nitrate WQOs in groundwater"
 - WQO = Primary MCL = 10 mg/l

Managements Zones will evaluate compliance at township level (36 square miles)

- In coordination with MZs, dischargers must determine nitrate reduction needed to meet "Groundwater Protection Targets"
- GWPTs = nitrogen loading per township to allow compliance with nitrate WQOs (consistent with Irrigated Lands Program)

MZIPS – NON-15 POTW REQUIREMENTS

- Over 40 POTWs in Priority 1 Management Zones
- Each POTW
 - Must increase monitoring to develop Nitrate Reduction Program (NRP)
 - Must develop NRP and ultimately comply
- Three Groups
 - Groups 1, 2 and 3
- Time Frames
 - Approved NRP 10, 15 and 20 years
 - Meet applicable target 20, 25 and 35 years

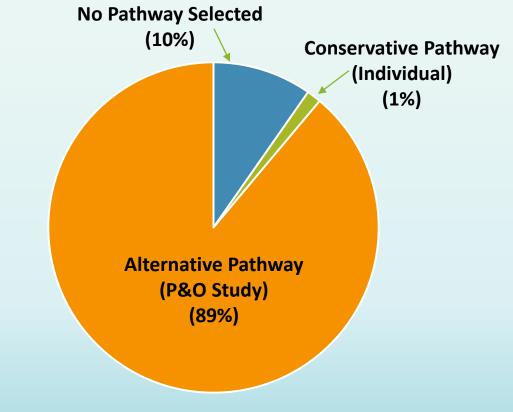
Thank You - Questions?

IMPORTANCE OF COLLABORATIVE SALINITY PROGRAM

- A unique collaboration to develop a management plan to achieve the long term goal of CVSALTS: a Central Valley that supports irrigated agriculture and other beneficial uses by effectively addressing long term salt accumulation
- The Central Valley Salinity Coalition is leading the effort to develop the P&O Study
- A key requirement is the development and utilization of modeling tools to evaluate the options for salt disposal and management in the Central Valley: desalination, in valley sequestration, deep well injection, evaporation ponds, brine line for salt export, source control and non-structural measures

SALT CONTROL PROGRAM- CURRENT STATUS

89% of 3137 Active Permittees selected Alternative Pathway/P&O Study



Salt Control Program Pathway Selection as of June 2023

PRIORITIZATION AND OPTIMIZATION STUDY STATUS

Deliverable	Date
Phase 1 of P&O Study Workplan	Approved 29 March 2021
Baseline Characterization Report Part 1	Drafted December 2022
Analytical modeling tools selected	Accepted November 2022
Modeling tool calibration, salt source quantification Baseline Characterization Report	Completed in 2023 Accepted in March, 2024
First Archetype Study to establish salinity targets	To be completed in 2024

SUMMARY SCHEDULE

• Schedule established in the approved P&O Study Workplan

Key P&O Workplan Element	General Timing
Central Valley Characterization	Years 1-2
Numeric Tool Development	Years 2-3
Establishment of Numeric Salt Targets	Years 3-4
Evaluate Existing Salt Management Requirements, Source Control BMPs and Land Management	Years 3-4
Develop Salt Management Regions	Years 3-4
Identify Salt Management Areas	Years 4-5
Salt Management Alternatives Development	Years 4-9
 Non-Physical Projects 	Years 4-5
Physical Projects	Years 5-9

